YOUR VALUES YOUR PREFERENCES YOUR CHOICE

Allina Health 💏

Should You Have Deep Brain Stimulation?



Understanding Deep Brain Stimulation

Your Brain and Central Nervous System

Nerve cells (neurons) communicate with your body by sending and receiving signals. These signals control your speech, movement, thinking process and senses (hearing, sight and touch). The central nervous system is made up of billions of neurons in your body.

Deep Brain Stimulation (DBS)

Movement disorders (Parkinson's disease, tremors) are the result of abnormal changes in your brain cells and brain chemicals. These changes can affect your brain signals. This can affect your ability to move.

Parkinson's disease is caused by the loss of neurons that make dopamine. Essential tremor is a movement disorder that causes extreme shaking and uncontrolled movement.

DBS uses a small device called a battery pack. This device is implanted in your chest and sends electrical impulses through wire leads in your brain. This stimulation blocks abnormal signals that cause some movement disorder symptoms.

Some of these symptoms can be treated with DBS:

- tremors
- slowness
- stiffness.

Symptoms DBS cannot treat are:

- dementia
- depression
- constipation
- speech problems.

Your health care provider may suggest DBS if your medicine no longer controls your symptoms well. Using DBS and medicine may reduce some symptoms and give you more control of your movement.

Preparing for DBS

Together, you and your neurologist will decide if DBS is a good option.

If you choose to have DBS, your neurologist will refer you to a movement disorder specialist. They will help determine if DBS is a safe option for you.

Before the procedure, you will need to have:

- magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
- testing of thinking and memory (neuropsychological test)
- testing to see if symptoms will respond to DBS (Parkinson's disease only).

If you decide to have DBS and it is a safe option for you, you will need two procedures to:

- place of leads in your brain
- place the battery back in your chest.

Your Treatment

Stage 1: Procedure to Place the Leads

This is a procedure to place the leads in your brain.

You will be awake during the procedure. This helps your health care team find the best locations for the electrodes.

You will have a MRI or CT (computed tomography) scan to help find the best location for the electrodes.

Before the procedure

- Follow your health care provider's directions about:
 - eating, drinking and tobacco use
 - taking prescription, over-the-counter medicines, herbals or natural products and vitamins.
 - items to bring with you to the hospital.

Do not take your Parkinson's or tremor medicines 24 hours before surgery.

During the procedure

- Your surgeon will numb your scalp with medicine.
- The hair around the surgery area(s) may be clipped or shaved.
- Your surgeon will drill 1 or more small holes in your skull and place the electrodes in your brain.

After the procedure

- You will have a MRI or CT scan to make sure the electrodes are in the right place.
- You will stay in the hospital overnight.
- You will receive instructions about:
 - activity
 - lifting restrictions
 - medicine
 - incision care.

Your Treatment (continued)

Stage 2: Procedure to Place the Battery Pack

This procedure is to place the device in your chest and connect the wire leads to the electrodes.

You will be asleep during the procedure. You will have the battery pack placed in your chest 1 to 2 weeks after your brain procedure.

Before the procedure

- You can take your Parkinson's or tremor medicines on the day of the procedure.
- Follow your health care provider's directions about:
 - eating, drinking and tobacco use
 - taking prescription, over-the-counter medicines, herbals or natural products, and vitamins you currently use
 - items to bring with you for your visit.
- The area below your collarbone will be shaved, if needed.
- A nurse will start an intravenous (IV) line in your arm.

During the procedure

- Your surgeon will:
 - make a cut (incision) just below your collarbone and place the device
 - attach the device to the leads in your brain
 - test the device to check that it is working properly and turn it off
 - close the incision.

After the procedure

- You go home from the hospital the same day.
- You will receive instructions about:
 - activity
 - lifting restrictions
 - medicine
 - incision care.
- You will have your follow-up appointment with your surgeon 1 to 2 weeks after your procedure.

DBS Programming

Programming will help decide the right amount of electrical stimulation for you. Your movement disorder specialist will adjust the settings using a remote control.

Programming begins 4 weeks after brain procedure. You will have about 2 to 4 programming visits during the first 6 months after your DBS.

You may need to have physical, occupational or speech therapy after you leave the hospital. Your neurologist will work with you to find out what is best for you.

Benefits and Risks

Benefits	Important Part of My Decision	My Thoughts
Your movement and motor symptoms may get better. You may have more control of your movement after treatment.	🗆 Yes 🗖 No	
The battery pack will be adjusted to your needs.	🗆 Yes 🗖 No	
If you are taking medicine to manage symptoms, you may be able to take fewer after the procedure.	🗆 Yes 🗖 No	
You will not need to stay in the hospital after the battery pack is placed.	🗖 Yes 🗖 No	
The procedure can be reversed and does not destroy small parts of the brain.	🗆 Yes 🗖 No	
Risks	Important Part of My Decision	My Thoughts
You will have 2 procedures in 2 weeks. Each procedure has risks. Your health care provider will explain these.	🗆 Yes 🗖 No	
Side effects may include headache, infection, stroke, bleeding, seizures, temporary pain and confusion after surgery.	🗆 Yes 🗖 No	
You may still have some symtoms of Parkinson's or tremors.	🗆 Yes 🗖 No	
Fewer than 1 out of 10 people will have issues with their device, such as hardware erosion.	🗆 Yes 🗖 No	

My Preferences

Questions	My Thoughts
As you think about the possible risks, what are your fears or concerns?	
As you think about DBS, what are your hopes or goals?	
What matters to you most?	
Are you clear about the benefits and risks of DBS?	
Is there anything that may get in the way of you doing this?	

My Decision at This Time

□ have the procedure □ do not have the procedure

Next Steps

Questions for Your Health Care Provider

- 1. Is DBS safe for me?
- 2. What are my risks after surgery?
- 3. When should I consider starting DBS?
- 4. How rare or common are the risks for DBS?
- 5. How likely am I to benefit from DBS?
- 6. Aside from DBS, what can I do to check for and prevent symptoms for my movement disorder from getting worse?
- 7. When do I need to decide if I will have the procedures?
- 8. What is the next step for me?

9. Other questions: _____

Next Steps

Questions for Your Insurance Provider

It is important for you to understand your health care benefits as you make your decision.

Call your insurance provider and find out exactly what is and is not covered under your plan, and how much you have to pay yourself. Look for the telephone number on your membership card.

1. Is the DBS surgery covered?

- 2. Are there specific requirements or criteria I must meet to receive coverage?
- 3. Which health care providers are in network?
- 4. How much will I need to pay for this treatment?
- 5. If I need surgery, how much will I need to pay for the procedures?

6. Other questions and notes: _____

Allina Health Account

Sign up for an Allina Health account online to get:

- better communication with your clinic, hospital and provider
- faster answers
- online access to you and your loved one's health information anytime.

With your account, you can:

- read visit notes and follow-up instructions
- view and pay bills
- refill a prescription
- view immunizations and medicines

- set and track health goals
- receive lab results sooner
- do an online visit for common conditions
- manage another person's care
- write a health care directive
- email your care team*
- schedule appointments*.

Sign up for a secure account online at allinahealth.org. Your account is a free service of Allina Health.

**Availability varies by location. Ask your clinic or hospital if this service is available.*

Allina Health complies with applicable federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, gender identity or sex.

Allina Health does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability, gender identity or sex.

English: ATTENTION: If you speak English, language assistance services, free of charge, are available to you. Call 1-877-506-4595.

- Spanish: ATENCIÒN: si habla español, tiene a su disposición servicios gratuitos de asistencia lingüística. Llame al 1-877-506-4595.
- Hmong: LUS CEEV: Yog tias koj hais lus Hmoob, cov kev pab txog lus, muaj kev pab dawb rau koj. Hu rau 1-877-506-4595.



allinahealth.org

© 2022 ALLINA HEALTH SYSTEM. TM – A TRADEMARK OF ALLINA HEALTH SYSTEM OTHER TRADEMARKS USED ARE OWNED BY THEIR RESPECTIVE OWNERS THIS DECISION AID DOES NOT REPLACE MEDICAL OR PROFESSIONAL ADVICE, IT IS ONLY A GUIDE. neuro-ah-78530 (7/18)