INFOGRAPHIC:

Lyme disease in Minnesota

May – July Peak feeding season for nymph deer ticks.

(summer scene graphic)

August – October Peak feeding season for adult deer ticks.

(fall scene graphic)

8 Tick-borne diseases that are a concern in Minnesota, including Lyme disease,

human anaplasmosis, babesiosis, erlichiosis and more.

(eight deer ticks)

1/16th of an inch Size of a nymph deer tick. That's about the same as a poppy seed.

(speck under a magnifier)

24-48 Hours that a tick needs to be attached to transmit Lyme disease.

(clock with hands moving)

3-30 Days it takes for symptoms of Lyme disease to occur after being bitten by an

infected tick.

(calendar with days 3-30 highlighted)

950 confirmed Lyme disease cases in Minnesota in 2018.

(state of Minnesota)

Source: Minnesota Department of Health